

HO-1033
Henry Lotz Farm
5910 Waterloo Road
Private

DESCRIPTION:

The Henry Lotz Farm house faces northeast toward the road. It is set back from the road several hundred yards, with the drive in on the northwest side, and is on a flat site. The house is a 2½-story, five-bay by one-bay frame structure with a rubble stone foundation, aluminum siding over top of German siding that is painted white, and a gable roof with asphalt shingles and a northwest-southeast ridge. There is an ell on the rear of the house that is two stories, and two bays by one bay. It has the same foundation and siding, and the gable roof ridge runs northeast-southwest. On the northeast elevation the center bay projects about 3 feet. There is an open porch that wraps around on the northwest side. The porch has tapered Greek columns. The first story has a center-passage, single-pile plan with one room in the ell. The passage has a straight run stair. The northwest room has a fireplace centered on the southeast wall, and the mantel has been removed. There is a dropped ceiling, and above it is a cast plaster ceiling medallion. The southeast room has a ceiling medallion that is identical. The attic has a rafter with "C. RADCLIFFE. NOV 1911" painted on it, and has a wood cistern in the ell that has a copper plaque embossed with "The Baltimore Cooperage Company Tank & Tower Builders Baltimore, MD." The buildings were scheduled to be demolished in early 2011.

SIGNIFICANCE:

In 1871 the 94-acre farm of Samuel and Sarah Miller was purchased by Henry Lotz (aka Lutz) and Conrad Rapp. At that time the farm had a two-story stone dwelling. Lotz and his wife, Caroline, had both been born in Germany. Conrad Rapp was probably Lotz's father-in-law and likely was helping to get him established as a farmer. In 1893 Conrad and Margaret Rapp sold their share of the farm to Lotz. It is not known what happened to the stone house, but the existing house must have been built to replace it c. 1895-1910. Henry Lotz's oldest son, Philip, was a carpenter who worked for prolific local builder Jacob Kim and it is very likely that either Kim, or Lotz, or both, were responsible for Henry Lotz's new house. Henry Lotz died in 1923 and left his farm to his children, and they continued to hold it until 1937. William and Alice Zeltman purchased 120 acres from Lotz's children and owned the farm for 50 years, finally selling the house and 3 acres in 1987. It was scheduled to be demolished in early 2011 to make way for development.

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of

Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. HO-1033

1. Name of Property (indicate preferred name)

historic Henry Lotz Farm

other

2. Location

street and number 5910 Waterloo Road ☐ not for publication

city, town Columbia ☒ vicinity

county Howard

3. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Waterloo Land No. 2 LLC

street and number 301 Transylvania Ave. telephone 410-821-4002

city, town Raleigh state NC zip code 27609

4. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Howard County Courthouse liber 9929 folio 535

city, town Ellicott City tax map 37 tax parcel 227 tax ID number

5. Primary Location of Additional Data

- ☐ Contributing Resource in National Register District
☐ Contributing Resource in Local Historic District
☐ Determined Eligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
☐ Determined Ineligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
☐ Recorded by HABS/HAER
☐ Historic Structure Report or Research Report at MHT
☐ Other: _____

6. Classification

Category	Ownership	Current Function		Resource Count	
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape	Contributing	Noncontributing
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce/trade	<input type="checkbox"/> recreation/culture	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u> buildings
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> defense	<input type="checkbox"/> religion	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u> sites
<input type="checkbox"/> site		<input type="checkbox"/> domestic	<input type="checkbox"/> social	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u> structures
<input type="checkbox"/> object		<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u> objects
		<input type="checkbox"/> funerary	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u> Total
		<input type="checkbox"/> government	<input type="checkbox"/> unknown		
		<input type="checkbox"/> health care	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> vacant/not in use	Number of Contributing Resources	
		<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> other:	previously listed in the Inventory	
				<u>0</u>	

7. Description

Inventory No. HO-1033

Condition

☐ excellent ☐ deteriorated
☐ good ☐ ruins
☒ fair ☐ altered

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

SUMMARY:

The Henry Lotz Farm house faces northeast toward the road. It is set back from the road several hundred yards, with the drive in on the northwest side, and is on a flat site. The house is a 2½-story, five-bay by one-bay frame structure with a rubble stone foundation, aluminum siding over top of German siding that is painted white, and a gable roof with asphalt shingles and a northwest-southeast ridge. There is an ell on the rear of the house that is two stories, and two bays by one bay. It has the same foundation and siding, and the gable roof ridge runs northeast-southwest. On the northeast elevation the center bay projects about 3 feet. There is an open porch that wraps around on the northwest side. The porch has tapered Greek columns. The first story has a center-passage, single-pile plan with one room in the ell. The passage has a straight run stair. The northwest room has a fireplace centered on the southeast wall, and the mantel has been removed. There is a dropped ceiling, and above it is a cast plaster ceiling medallion. The southeast room has a ceiling medallion that is identical. The attic has a rafter with "C. RADCLIFFE. NOV 1911" painted on it, and has a wood cistern in the ell that has a copper plaque embossed with "The Baltimore Cooperage Company Tank & Tower Builders Baltimore, MD." The buildings were scheduled to be demolished in early 2011.

DESCRIPTION:

House, exterior

The Henry Lotz Farm is located at 5910 Waterloo Road, on the southwest side of the road, and the house faces northeast toward the road. It is set back from the road several hundred yards, with the drive in on the northwest side, and is on a flat site. The house is a 2½-story, five-bay by one-bay frame structure with a rubble stone foundation, aluminum siding over top of German siding that is painted white, and a gable roof with asphalt shingles and a northwest-southeast ridge. There is an ell on the rear of the house that is two stories, and two bays by one bay. It has the same foundation and siding, and the gable roof ridge runs northeast-southwest.

On the northeast elevation the first story has a center entrance with a new hollow-core door and side lights that have one light over three small panels. The panels have sunken fields. There is also a three-light transom. The center bay projects similar to a pavilion front, but with a projection of about 3 feet. There are two one-over-one sash to the north of the doorway and an enclosed porch to the east of it. There is an open porch to the north of the enclosure and it wraps around on the northwest side. The porch has tapered Greek columns, a new balustrade, a tongue-and-grooved deck and tongue-and-grooved bead-board soffit. The second story of the northeast elevation has five one-over-one sash. There is a deep eave and a cross gable with a one-light rectangular sash. There are no chimneys. At the northwest end is a lightning rod.

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. HO-1033

Name
Continuation Sheet

Number 7 Page 1

The northwest elevation of the main block has a one-over-one sash on both the first and second stories. There is a pent roof across the gable end, and a one-over-one sash above it. In the east angle of the main block and the ell is a two-story, one-bay by one-bay addition with a flat roof. The northwest elevation of this addition has a one-over-one sash on both the first and second stories, while the southwest elevation has no openings. The northwest elevation of the ell has a one-over-one sash in the west bay of the first and second stories. The southwest elevation has a one-over-one sash set west of center on both the first and second stories, and there is a pent roof, as well. There are two small rectangular sash in the gable end, and there is no chimney above the roof. The cellar has Bilco doors. The southeast elevation of the ell has a porch on the first story that is enclosed to the south, and there is a one-over-one sash to the east. The second story has two one-over-one sash that align with the enclosed porch. The main block, on the southwest elevation has no opening on the second story. The southeast elevation has a three-sided bay, with each side having a one-over-one sash, on the first story. The second story has a single one-over-one sash, and there is a pent roof above it, with a one-over-one sash in the gable end.

House, interior

First story

The first story has a center-passage, single-pile plan with one room in the ell. All of the floors are covered with carpeting or linoleum. The passage architrave has a sunken field with an ogee to each side, and there is a bead on the inner edge. There are corner blocks that match this moulding. The baseboard has a quirked ogee-and-bevel moulding on the top. There are plaster walls and textured plaster on the ceiling. The doors have five lying panels with sunken fields, and are hung on foliate cast iron butt hinges that have ball finials. All of the doors have new locks. The front door is new, and there are sidelights with one light over three panels; the panels have sunken fields. There is a three-light transom with a large light in the center, and with the muntins aligning with the door frame. The passage has a straight run stair that ascends to the southwest along the northwest wall. It has a closed stringer of two panels with a quirked ogee-and-bevel panel mould and sunken, flat panels. There is a square newel post that is paneled on all four sides, and it had a finial, but this is now missing. The balusters are turned and have a slender taper to them, with a knob in the center that is flanked by two beads above and below the knob. The moulded handrail is $\frac{3}{4}$ -round, with an ogee on each side below it. The second story newel post has a drop pendant that has been covered with textured plaster. This pendant was originally stained a dark color and varnished, and has several coats of white paint on it beneath the later plaster. The doors also have a dark varnish beneath white paint.

The northwest room has typical baseboard and architrave. The one-over-one sash are hung on cords. The north corner of the room was opened up to examine the construction, and the walls have circular-sawn lath fastened with wire nails. The framing is 2 by 4 circular-sawn studs, with one stud at each side of the corner, to provide bearing to nail the lath to; the center of the corner is not visible to see how it is

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. HO-1033

Name
Continuation Sheet

Number 7 Page 2

handled. There is diagonal sheathing on the exterior. The room has a fireplace centered on the southeast wall, and the mantel has been removed. The hearth is painted, and could be concrete; the fire box has straight brick jambs. The wall above the fireplace was opened up. There is a narrow brick chimney on top of the fire box, with studs on all four sides of the chimney, and lath and plaster filling it out. There is a dropped ceiling, and above it is a cast plaster ceiling medallion with an inner ring that has bay leaves and an outer ring that has roses and foliage. The southwest elevation has a doorway to the kitchen in the ell.

The southeast room has typical baseboard, architrave, and dropped ceiling. There is a fireplace that matches that in the northwest room, and this had lost its mantel and was covered with drywall. It is on the northwest wall. Above the dropped ceiling is a ceiling medallion that is identical to the one in the northwest room. On the northeast elevation, the north window was converted to a door leading to a now-enclosed porch. The east bay window was converted into a shelf. The southwest elevation has a door to the kitchen in the ell. The southeast elevation has a bay window.

The ell contains one large room with a door on the northeast to a closet under the stairs and doors to the passage and the two front rooms. There is an enclosed winder stair in the west corner that goes up to the second story and has a stair down to the basement. The room has bead-board half wainscot on the walls. There is a stove chimney centered on the southwest elevation. The room also has a dropped ceiling, but has no plaster ceiling medallion. The ceiling appears to be drywall under wafer board, under the dropped ceiling tiles. The southeast wall has a new door to the east that leads into a pantry, and it has typical architrave. The pantry is the enclosed end of the southeast porch, and it has a typical window and architrave and is early, if not original. The southeast wall of the ell also has a new door in an original opening that leads to the southeast porch, and at the south end is a window. The northwest elevation has a new door in an original opening to a bathroom in a small wing in the angle of the ell and the main block. There is a window in the center of this northwest wall. All of these openings have typical architrave.

Second story

The second story has the same general floor plan as the first story. The passage runs to the northeast on the southeast side of the main stairs. There is a cross-passage set in the ell. The stairwell is paneled between the second story floor and the first story ceiling, and this matches the stringer below. The second story has all new floors, typical baseboard, architrave, and doors, and is plastered. The passage has a stair railing that has been removed and replaced with a wall and a new door at the top of the stairs. The stairs to the attic are enclosed, and always were. These stairs are narrower than the stairs from the first story. The attic stairs have a typical door at the northeast end, and this has a mortise lock with geometrical ornament on the escutcheon and has mineral knobs. The lock is not labeled. A closet has been added on the southeast wall with the passage. There is a cross-passage that runs northwest-

Maryland Historical Trust
Maryland Inventory of
Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. HO-1033

Name
Continuation Sheet

Number 7 Page 3

southeast along the southwest end of the main block, and there is a door at the northwest end that leads into a bathroom. There is also a door on the southwest, set to the south, which leads to the southwest ell chamber. There is also a passage that runs to the southwest along the northwest wall of the ell, and leads back to the winder stairs. A door has been added here. There is also a door on the southeast side that leads to the center ell chamber. Both of these chambers in the ell are original, as is the bathroom.

The northwest chamber doorway is along the cross-passage. This chamber has a chimney on the southeast that has a cast iron heating grate on it, and there is an original closet to the east of this chimney. The southeast chamber doorway is on the main passage. This chamber has a chimney on the northwest elevation and it has a cover over a stove pipe hole. There is an original closet to the north of the chimney. The ell southeast chamber has a large closet over the pantry.

Attic

The attic has narrow, random-width tongue-and-grooved pine flooring that is blind-nailed with cut nails. The joist that acts as a stair trimmer is doubled-up and is nailed with wire nails. The rafters are circular-sawn 2 by 6s that are mitered and butted at the ridge, and are mitered at the foot and nailed to a false plate. The rafters support wide board lath with cut nails coming through them. The ell was built at the same time as the main block and has the same construction. The third rafter from the southwest end of the ell has painted on it "C. RADCLIFFE. NOV 1911." There is a brick chimney on both sides of the stairs and at the southwest end of the ell.

There is a wood cistern in the ell, set in a tray with a galvanized metal lining. There is a pipe at the bottom of this cistern, on the south side of it, and this pipe has a "T" on it. There is also a hole at the top of the northwest side of the cistern, probably for overflow. The cistern is not labeled. The bottom boards of the cistern are doveled together, and are otherwise flush and butted. The bottom boards are narrowed on the ends to fit into rabbets near the bottom of the side staves, and these staves are butted against each other. The bottom side of the bottom boards is black, and this appears to be paint. The galvanized metal tray sits loosely on the floor, with several boards fitting in the tray, and the cistern sat on these loose boards. The sides of the tray are turned up and over pieces of wood that are nailed to the floor with cut nails. One of the cistern staves has a copper plaque nailed to it, and the plaque is embossed with "The Baltimore Cooperage Company Tank & Tower Builders Baltimore, MD." Another stave has four small nails in it, and two of the nails appear to have held a thin wood or heavy cardboard item that may have been a shipping label, and the other two nails held some kind of metal tag. All four nails are near each other, so this could have been one larger tag, but whatever it was, it is missing.

The basement is flooded.

Maryland Historical Trust
Maryland Inventory of
Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. HO-1033

Name
Continuation Sheet

Number 7 Page 4

There is a chicken house behind the ell, about 40 feet south of the house, and it is heavily overgrown and collapsing.

The buildings were scheduled to be demolished in early 2011.

8. Significance

Inventory No. HO-1033

Period	Areas of Significance	Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> health/medicine	<input type="checkbox"/> performing arts	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> invention	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-1999	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment/	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion	
<input type="checkbox"/> 2000-	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> recreation	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science	
	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> ethnic heritage	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> social history	
	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/	<input type="checkbox"/> maritime history	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation	
	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other: _____	

Specific dates N/A

Architect/Builder N/A

Construction dates c. 1895-1910

Evaluation for:

☐ National Register

☐ Maryland Register

☒ not evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

SUMMARY:

In 1871 the 94-acre farm of Samuel and Sarah Miller was purchased by Henry Lotz (aka Lutz) and Conrad Rapp. At that time the farm had a two-story stone dwelling. Lotz and his wife, Caroline, had both been born in Germany. Conrad Rapp was probably Lotz's father-in-law and likely was helping to get him established as a farmer. In 1893 Conrad and Margaret Rapp sold their share of the farm to Lotz. It is not known what happened to the stone house, but the existing house must have been built to replace it c. 1895-1910. Henry Lotz's oldest son, Philip, was a carpenter who worked for prolific local builder Jacob Kirn and it is very likely that either Kirn, or Lotz, or both, were responsible for Henry Lotz's new house. Henry Lotz died in 1923 and left his farm to his children, and they continued to hold it until 1937. William and Alice Zeltman purchased 120 acres from Lotz's children and owned the farm for 50 years, finally selling the house and 3 acres in 1987. It was scheduled to be demolished in early 2011 to make way for development.

SIGNIFICANCE:

In 1871 the 94-acre farm of Samuel and Sarah Miller at Pfeiffer's Corners, known as "Locust Thicket Farm," was foreclosed upon. At that time it was noted that "the improvements consist of a two-story and attic stone dwelling and a large frame stable." The farm was purchased by Henry Lotz (aka Lutz) and Conrad Rapp for \$3,200. Neither Lotz nor Rapp could be identified in the census in 1870, so their relationship is not clear. However, Lotz can be found in the sixth district of Howard County in 1880, and at that time he was 39 and his wife, Caroline, was 40. Both had been born in Germany, and they had five children. Living with them was a brother-in-law, Charles Repp, who was 19 and worked as a laborer, presumably on the farm. This would suggest that Conrad Rapp was Lotz's father-in-law and was helping to get him established as a farmer. This probability is strengthened by the 1878 Hopkins Atlas of Howard County, which places Lotz on the farm and does not show Rapp in the area. Both Lotz

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. HO-1033

Name
Continuation Sheet

Number 8 Page 1

and Rapp were likely part of the mid-nineteenth century wave of German immigration that has been identified along the Washington Boulevard corridor and up into the Pfeiffer's Corners area. Lotz added almost 60 acres adjoining the farm in 1886, and then in 1893 Conrad and Margaret Rapp sold their share of the farm to Lotz for only \$800. The farm was a rather long, narrow tract that paralleled Waterloo Road, and the existing house sits at the southeastern end of the farm.¹

It is not known what happened to the stone house, but the existing house must have been built to replace it. The closed stringer stair in this dwelling was a common feature c. 1890-1915, with the paneled newel post more common after c. 1910, but not unknown before then. The use of both cut and wire nails in the construction of the house suggests it was built c. 1895-1910, when the use of the two types generally overlaps. The cast plaster ceiling medallion with roses is more consistent with the 1890s, but could be a later, conservative survival. And while the cross-gable could be found in rare occasions in the mid-nineteenth century, it was most common c. 1890-1915. The cistern can be dated to after 1893 (the company was not listed in the Baltimore City directories in that year, and was definitely in business by 1901), and the manufacturer was still in business in 1915. While cisterns were often added to earlier buildings, and were replaced occasionally, in this period they would have been very commonly installed at the time of construction. The painted date in the attic could record the first painting of the house after completion, but could just as easily be the second painting. It thus seems most likely that Lotz built his new house shortly after acquiring the other half of the farm from the Rapps, c. 1895-1910. Henry Lotz's oldest son, Philip, was a carpenter who worked for prolific local builder Jacob Kirn (another man of German descent), and married Kirn's daughter, Virginia. Philip lived in a house that he built on Waterloo Road (HO-889) c. 1901, and it is very likely that either Kirn, or Lotz, or both, were responsible for Henry Lotz's new house. The projecting center bay of the first story can be seen on some other houses in Howard County, including several late-nineteenth century houses near Elkrige, but little is known about this feature. It must have been employed primarily to create more room on the first floor to get a stairway in, making sufficient space at the foot of the stairs so that the passage would not be too cramped.²

Henry Lotz died in 1923 and left his farm to his children, and they continued to hold it until 1937, though whether they were farming it or leasing it to a tenant is unknown. William and Alice Zeltman purchased 120 acres from Lotz's children and owned the farm for 50 years, finally selling the house and 3 acres in 1987. It has recently served as some kind of group home, but was scheduled to be demolished

¹ *Baltimore Sun*, 1 September 1871, p. 3, col. 8. U. S. Bureau of the Census, District 6, Howard County, Maryland, 1880. G. M. Hopkins, *Atlas of Howard County, Maryland* (Philadelphia, 1878).

² Baltimore City directories, 1893-1915. U. S. Bureau of the Census, District 6, Howard County, Maryland, 1900. Jennifer Gould, "Lotz House" (HO-889), Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties, 2005.

Maryland Historical Trust
Maryland Inventory of
Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. HO-1033

Name
Continuation Sheet

Number 8 Page 2

in early 2011 to make way for development. The cistern, ceiling medallion, and some other building fabric were removed by the Howard County Historical Society and the National Building Museum for their collections.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. HO-1033

See footnotes

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property 3 A.
Acreage of historical setting 97 A
Quadrangle name Savage

Quadrangle scale: 1:24000

Verbal boundary description and justification

The boundaries consist of the outlines of the property, tax map 37, parcel 227, which encompasses all of the historic buildings and features on the site.

11. Form Prepared by

name/title	Ken Short		
organization	Howard County Department of Planning & Zoning	date	September 2011
street & number	3430 Courthouse Drive	telephone	410-313-4335
city or town	Ellicott City	state	MD

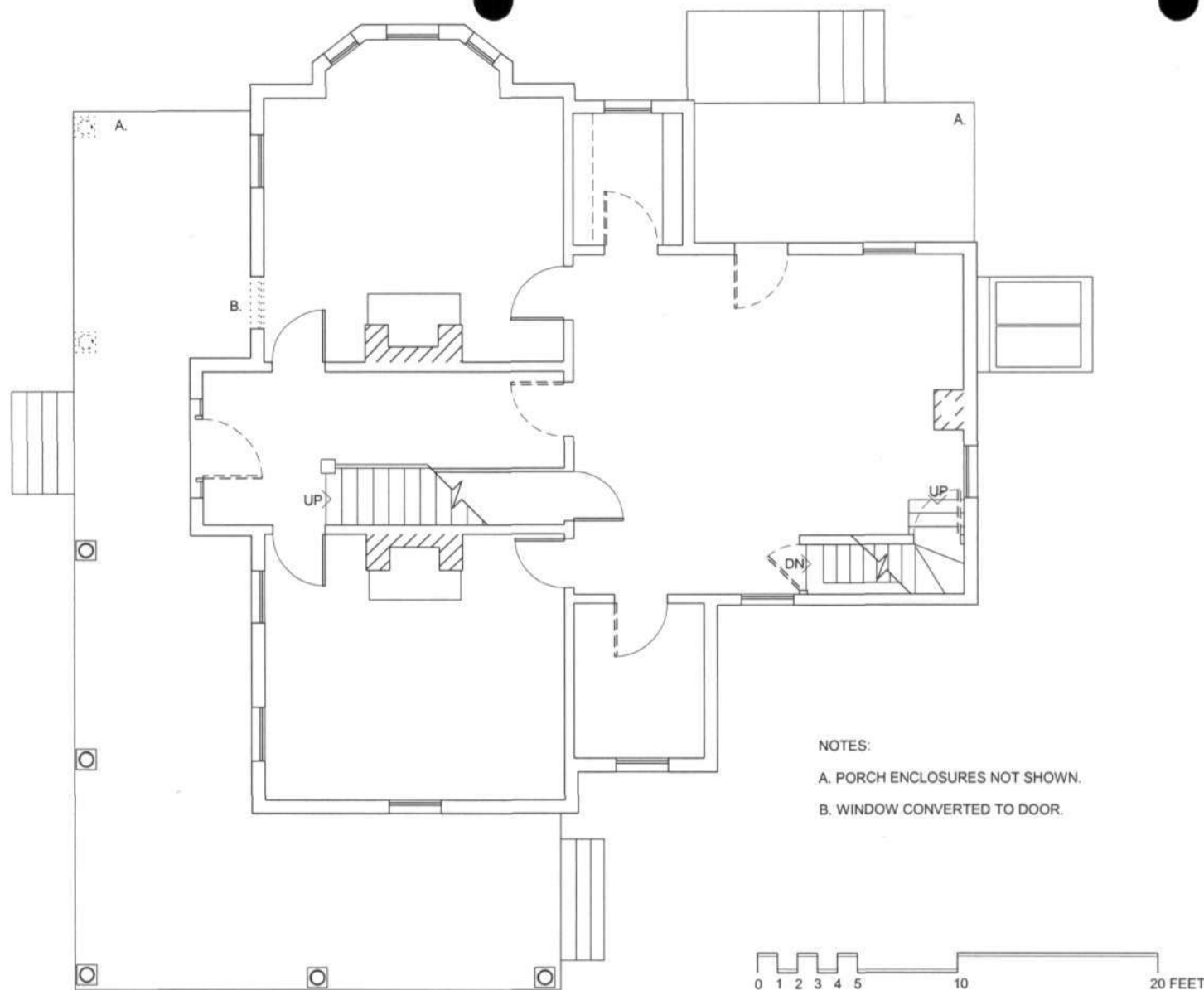
The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

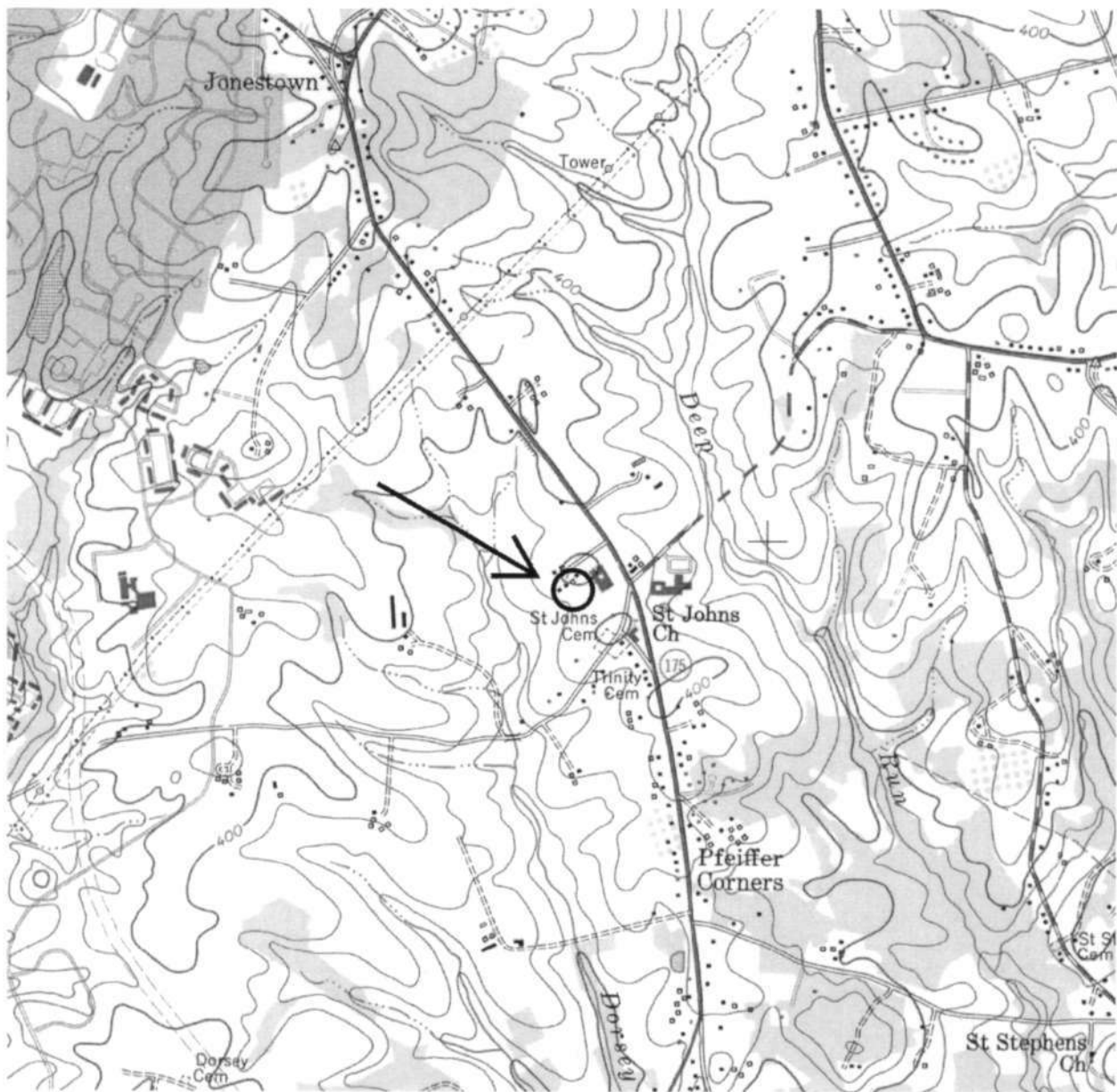
return to: Maryland Historical Trust
DHCD/DHCP
100 Community Place
Crownsville, MD 21032-2023
410-514-7600

HENRY LOTZ FARM (HO-1033)
5910 WATERLOO ROAD
CHAIN OF TITLE

GRANTOR/HOME	GRANTEE/HOME	DATE	LIBER/ FOLIO	INSTRU- MENT	CONSIDER- ATION	ACREAGE	NOTES
Raymond D. & Sherrie A. Jordan (H/W) / ?	Waterloo Land No. 2 LLC / MD	4 April 2006	MDR 9929-535	Deed – fee simple	\$0	3 A	Grantors created LLC
Alice Mae Zeltman / Howard	Raymond D. & Sherrie A. Jordan Jr. (H/W) / ?	4 Feb. 1987	CMP 1603-313	Deed – fee simple	\$139,500	2.9826 A	WMZ d. 29 Nov. 1963 p/o 2 nd parcel below
William M. & Alice Mae Zeltman / Howard	Howard Research & Development Corp / MD	1 July 1983	WHH 403-50	Deed – fee simple	\$5.00	A) 16.739 A B) 80.372 A C) .004 A = 97.115 A	
Philip & Virginia L. Lotz (H/W) et al Execs of Henry Lotz / Howard	William M. & Alice Mae Zeltman (H/W) / Howard	22 June 1937	BM Jr. 157-253	Deed – fee simple	\$5.00	1) 23.892 A 2) 97.966 A	@ Pfeiffer's Corner greater part of farm where Henry Lotz resided @ death
Henry Lotz	Philip Lotz Lena Dewey Caroline Dewey Charles Lotz Katherine Owens	4 Oct. 1923	<u>Wills</u> RD 6-386				
Peter A. & Eleanor Harman (H/W) / Howard	Henry Lotz / ?	2 April 1886	LJW 50-403	Deed – fee simple	\$2,500	59-3-20 ARP	p/o Brothers Partnership & Adam the First – on west edge of Annapolis & Elkridge Rd
Conrad & Margaret Rapp (H/W) / Balto. Co	Henry Lotz	28 Mar. 1893	JHO 59-530	Deed – fee simple	\$800	?	½ int.
South Fremont Street Building Assoc. No. 5 / Balto. City	Henry Lotz Conrad Rapp	21 Nov. 1872	WWW 32-211	Deed – fee simple	\$3,200	?	Foreclosure on mortgage WWW 3-289, 13 Dec. 1870 Conrad & Sarah M. Miller
Samuel C. Miller & wf	Sarah M. Miller	16 Dec. 1870	WWW 30-491				



HO-1033 HENRY LOTZ FARM 5910 WATERLOO ROAD
FIRST FLOOR PLAN -- MEASURED AND DRAWN BY KEN SHORT -- JANUARY 2011



HO-1033
Henry Lotz Farm
5910 Waterloo Road
Savage quad

HO-1033
Henry Lotz Farm
5910 Waterloo Road
Howard County, Maryland
Ken Short, photographer

Photo Log

Nikon D-70 camera
HP Premium Plus paper
HP Gray Photo print cartridge

HO-1033_2011-01-11_01
House, northeast elevation

HO-1033_2011-01-11_02
House, northwest & southwest elevations

HO-1033_2011-01-11_03
House, southwest & southeast elevations

HO-1033_2011-01-11_04
House, interior, front doorway

HO-1033_2011-01-11_05
House, interior, passage, vw. west

HO-1033_2011-01-11_06
House, interior, north room ceiling
medallion

HO-1033_2011-01-11_07
House, interior, cistern

HO-1033_2011-01-11_08
House, interior, plaque on cistern



HO-1033

Henry Lotz Farm

5910 Waterloo Road

Howard County, Maryland

Ken Short

2010-01-11

MD SHPO

House, northeast elevation

1 of 8



HO-1033

Henry Lotz Farm

5910 Waterloo Road

Howard County, Maryland

Ken Shat

2011-01-11

MD SHPO

House, northwest + southwest elevations

2 of 8



HO-1033

Henry Lotz Farm

5910 Waterloo Road

Howard County, Maryland

Ken Short

2011-01-11

MD SHPO

House, southwest + southeast elevations

3 of 8



HD-1033

Henry Lotz Farm

5910 Waterloo Road

Howard County, Maryland

Ken Short

2011-01-11

MD SHPO

House, interior, front doorway

4 of 8



HO-1033

Henry Lotz Farm

5910 Waterloo Road

Howard County, Maryland

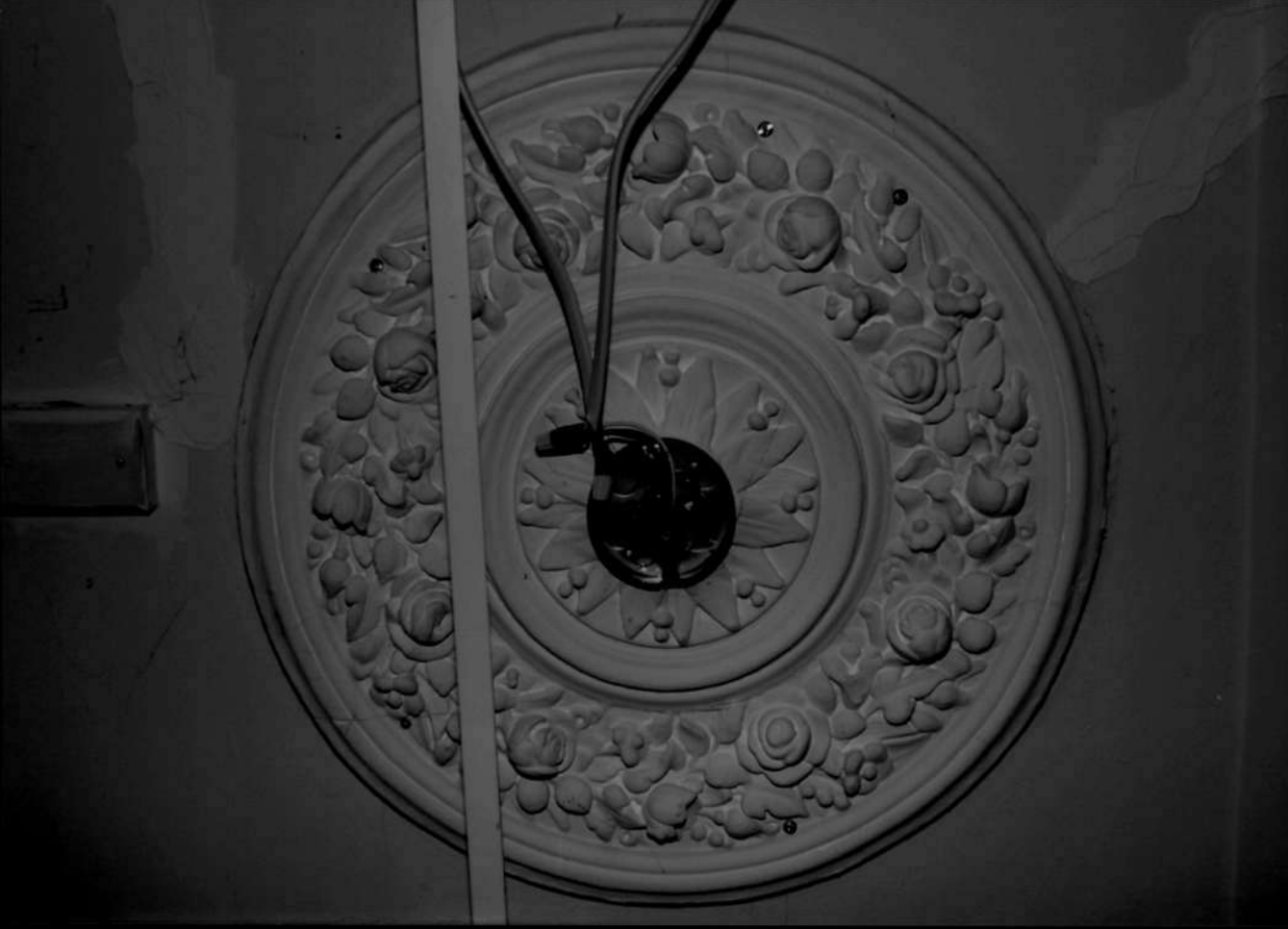
Ken Short

2011-01-11

MD SHPO

House, interior, passage, vw. west

5 of 8



HO-1033

Henry Lotz Farm

5910 Waterloo Road

Howard County, Maryland

Ken Short

2011-01-11

MD SHPO

House, interior, north room ceiling
medallion

6 of 8



HO-1033

Henry Lotz Farm

5410 Waterloo Road

Howard County, Maryland

Ken Short

2011-01-11

MD SHPO

House, interior, cistern

7 of 8

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Henry Lotz Farm

5910 Waterloo Road

Howard County, Maryland

Ken Short

2011-01-11

MD SHPO

House, interior, plaque on cistern

8 of 8